



BREA MUSEUM
&
HISTORICAL SOCIETY

ARTIFACT FLIPBOOK

Table of Contents

Korean Artifacts

3-20



Korean Name: Tal(탈)

English Name: Korean Mask

Masks of this sort were used for many purposes. They were worn by soldiers during war, used during ceremonies such as burial rituals, worn by people in artistic and theatrical shows, and symbolized gods and goddesses that ancient Koreans worshipped in order to promote health and peace. The specific mask pictured above depicts a smiling woman, and would be worn by females.



Korean Name: Najeonchilgi(나전칠기)

English Name: Vanity Jewelry Box

This jewelry box was owned by wealthy noble people in Korea. It served as a hairdressing accessory chest, and the mirror was used by women to fix their hair and to put on jewelry.



Korean Name: Hanbok(한복)

English Name: Traditional Korean Clothing

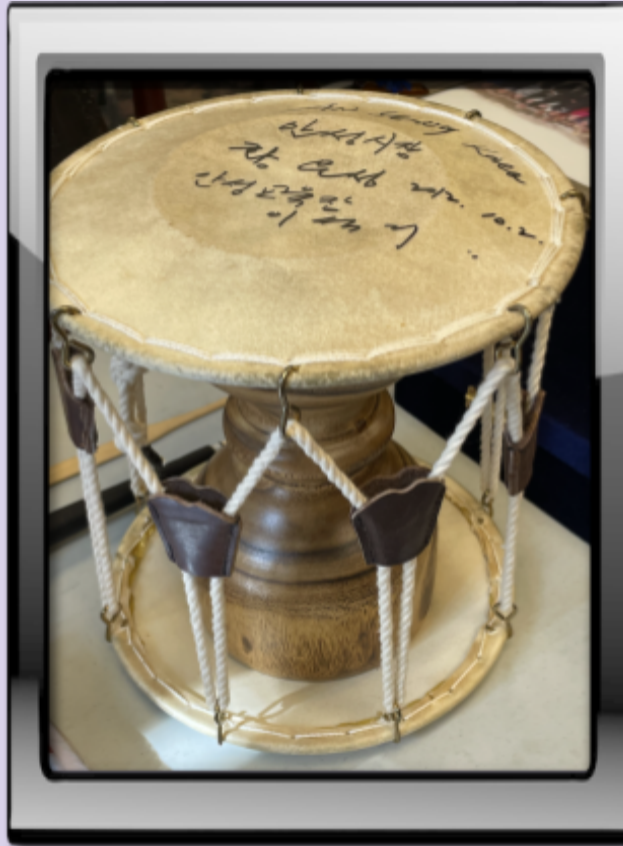
The artifact pictured above is traditional Korean clothing. Hanbok dates back all the way to the Goguryeo Kingdom(37 B.C. – 668 A.D.), as the oldest version of Hanbok has been identified in tomb mural paintings of this time period. The types of Hanbok that people wore in Korea depended on their social statuses, gender, careers, marital status, educational background, and on the occasion(ex. ceremonies). The materials, designs and patterns, shapes, etc. of the Hanbok worn by people varied based on their social classes. The specific artifact in the image above was worn by a man(left article of clothing) and a woman(right article of clothing), both of whom were in the upper noble class.



Korean Name: 칠장사(Buddhist temple in Anseong, South Korea)

English Name: Buddhist Stone Inscriptions

The artifact pictured is a stone with carvings of Buddhist scriptures. Works like this were created to preserve the Buddhist tradition and to pass it onto future generations.



Korean Name: Janggu(장구)

English Name: Korean Traditional Drum

The Janggu was a drum used in traditional Korean instrumental music. For example, it was used in wind music, court music, folk music, vocal music, and shaministic music.



Korean Name: kkwaenggwari(꽝과리)

English Name: Centennial Gong

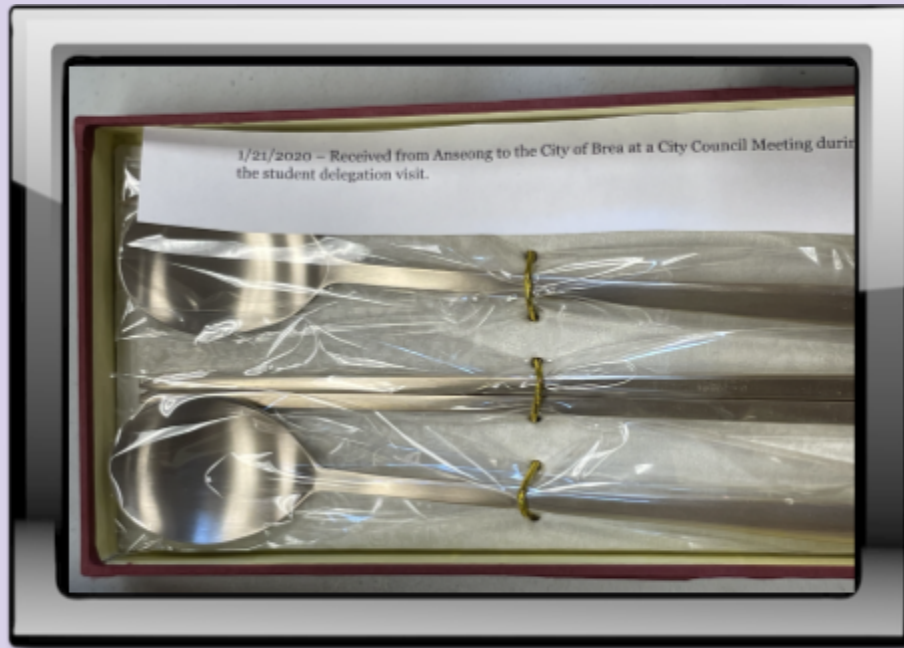
This is a small, hand-held gong made of brass. When the gong is struck by the stick, a sharp noise is produced. This would often be played in pungmul performances.



Korean Name: Won-ang seteu(원앙세트)

English Name: Mandarin Ducks

The artifact pictured above was used in Korean wedding ceremonies and was frequently given as a marriage gift. In Korea, Mandarin ducks are symbolic of peace, fidelity, everlasting marriage, and plentiful offspring.



Korean Name: Sujeo(수저)
English Name: Eating Utensils

“Sujeo” refers to a set of eating utensils. The set consists of a spoon and a pair of chopsticks, often made of stainless steel.



Korean Name: Bangjja(방짜); also called Yugi(유기; 鋤器)

English Name: Hand-forged bronzeware

These bowls were bronzeware used for Korean royal court cuisine. The ratio between copper and tin in these bowls, 78:22, sets them apart from other bowls made of bronzeware because this compositional difference enables the bowls to be sterilized.



Korean Name: Dolsot(돌솥)

English Name: Korean Stone Bowl

This artifact is stoneware is made of fine clay or fine stone. They are frequently used in Korean cooking and can retain heat for long periods of time.



Korean Name: 성덕대왕신종

English Name: The Divine Bell of King Songdok the Great (National Treasure No. 29)

The bell was created for the purpose of honoring King Gyeongdeok's father, King Seongdeok. King Gyeongdeok passed away before getting to see the casting of the bell in 771 A.D.



Korean Name: N/A

English Name: Paper/Scissor Cutting

Paper-cutting decorative artworks of this sort are utilized in occasions including the Spring Festival, weddings, childbirth, etc. Papercuts were symbolic of good fortune and prosperity. The artifact in the image above is a dragon.



Korean Name: Bokjori(복조리)
English Name: Bamboo Strainer

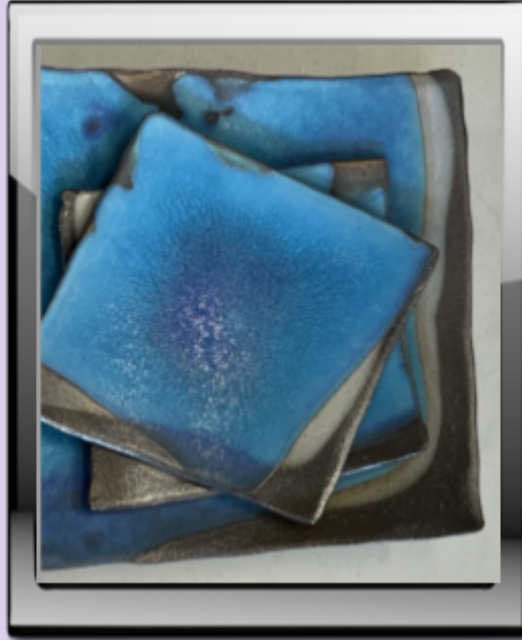
This bamboo strainer is used in a Korean New Year tradition. It is hung up from midnight of December 31st to the dawn of New Year's Day. This tradition is believed by Koreans to bring good luck.



Korean Name: Soban(소반)

English Name: Tray-like dining tables

These tables were tray-like and usually wooden. They were utilized by Koreans for carrying food and as small dining tables for individuals.



Piece of Korean Artwork







These artifacts are souvenirs that were collected during the fourth CIOFF World Folkloriada that took place in Anseong, South Korea from October 1, 2012 to October 14, 2012. This is an event in which visitors learn about and experience Korean folklore through games, food, traditional arts, and dances.